

**West Strathyre
Land Management Plan**

**M12: Continuous Cover
Forestry Crop Suitability
& CCF Design Concept**

Numbers within CCF Design Concept Zones relate to the key on following sheet which describes the concept for each numbered zone.

Note: Crop along the upper margin of the proposed/current CCF areas should either be included within the CCF area or removed with the final cut of adjacent CCF. Where the upper margin grades into scattered regeneration then this can mitigate adverse impacts of a denser crop band on the upper slopes. Care should be taken to avoid landscape issues and the creation of out of scale fringes that fail to relate to landform. Areas of unthinned crop above CCF areas can play a role in reducing wind impacts and increasing slope stability, but the costs benefits need to be assessed on a case by case basis. Many European forests in mountainous areas adopt a similar approach, with areas of non intervention forestry above the managed continuous cover areas, however in these instances the non intervention forestry is essentially native, naturally regenerating woodland.

Legend

- LMP March
- CCF Design Concept

Forest Roads

- Path
- Primary Haulage
- Secondary Haulage
- Track

Current Species

- Mixed Broadleaves
- Douglas Fir
- Larch
- Grand Fir
- Lodgepole Pine
- Mixed Conifer
- Noble Fir
- Norway Spruce
- Oak
- Western Red Cedar
- Scots Pine
- Sitka Spruce
- Western Hemlock
- Mixed Cedars

Stronslaney Forest Plan Felling Phases

- Phase 1 (2016 - 2020)
- Phase 2 (2021 - 2025)
- Phase 3 (2026 - 2030)
- Native Broadleaved Long Term Retention
- Outside Plan Period

Acronyms:

CCF: Continuous Cover Forestry

Scale: 1:35,000 @ A3

