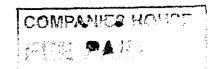
THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 - 1989

Company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital

# MEMORANDUM and ARTICLES of ASSOCIATION

of

Friends of Leadburn Community Woodland



### THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 -1989

Company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital

### MEMORANDUM of ASSOCIATION

The Memorandum of Association sets out the Objects of the Company and the Powers conferred upon it to enable it to achieve its Objects, confirms the limit of liability upon its Members and explains what is to happen to any surplus assets upon its dissolution.

	NAME	
1.	The name of the company is	
	Friends of Leadburn Community Woodland	
	("the Company").	
	REGISTERED OFFICE	
2.	The Registered Office of the Company is situated in Scotland.	<u> </u>

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	OBJECTS
3.	The Company has been formed to benefit the community of
	Leadburn and District
	as defined by the postcode units:
	EH26, EH45, EH46
	("the Community") with the following objects ("the Objects"):
3.1	To manage community land and associated assets for the benefit of the Community and
	the public in general as an important part of the protection and sustainable development of Scotland's natural environment, where 'sustainable development' means development
	which meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future
. <u> </u>	generations to meet their own needs.

	POWERC
	POWERS
4	The Company shall have the following powers, but only in furtherance of the Objects (and wherein reference to "property" means any property, assets or rights, heritable or
	moveable, wherever situated).
	General
4.1	To encourage and develop a spirit of voluntary or other commitment by, or cooperation with, individuals, unincorporated associations, societies, federations, partnerships, corporate bodies, agencies, undertakings, local authorities, unions, co-
	operatives, trusts and others and any groups or groupings thereof willing to assist the
4.0	Company to achieve the Objects.
4.2	To promote and carry out research, surveys and investigations and to promote, develop and manage initiatives, projects and programmes.
4.3	To provide advice, consultancy, training, tuition, expertise and assistance.
4.4	To prepare, organise, promote and implement training courses, exhibitions, lectures, seminars, conferences, events and workshops, to collect, collate, disseminate and exchange information and to prepare, produce, edit, publish, exhibit and distribute articles, pamphlets, books and other publications, tapes, motion and still pictures, music and drama and other materials, all in any medium.
	Property
4.5	To register an interest in land and to exercise the right to buy under the Land Reform
	(Scotland) Act 2003 including any statutory amendment or re-enactment thereof for the
	time being in force ("the Land Reform Act").
4.6	To purchase, take on lease, hire, or otherwise acquire any property suitable for the
	Company and to construct, convert, improve, develop, conserve, maintain, alter and
	demolish any buildings or erections whether of a permanent or temporary nature, and
	manage and operate or arrange for the professional or other appropriate management
	and operation of the Company's property.
4.7	To sell, let, hire, license, give in exchange and otherwise dispose of all or any part of the
1.7	property of the Company.
4.8	To establish and administer a building fund or funds or guarantee fund or funds or
1.0	endowment fund or funds.
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4.0	Employment
4.9	To employ, contract with, train and pay such staff (whether employed or self-employed) as are considered appropriate for the proper conduct of the activities of the Company.
1 1 2	Funding and Financial
4.10	To take such steps as may be deemed appropriate for the purpose of raising funds for
	the activities of the Company.
4.11	To accept subscriptions, grants, donations, gifts, legacies and endowments of all kinds,
	either absolutely or conditionally or in trust.
4.12	To borrow or raise money for the Objects and to give security in support of any such
	borrowings by the Company and/or in support of any obligations undertaken by the
	Company.
4.13	To set aside funds not immediately required as a reserve or for specific purposes.
4.14	To invest any funds which are not immediately required for the activities of the
	Company in such investments as may be considered appropriate, which may be held in
	the name of a nominee Company under the instructions of the Board of Directors, and
	to dispose of, and vary, such investments.
4.15	To make grants or loans of money and to give guarantees.
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	Development
4.16	To establish, manage and/or support any other charitable organisation, and to make
	donations for any charitable purpose falling within the Objects.
4.17	To establish, operate and administer and/or otherwise acquire any separate trading
1.17	company or association, whether charitable or not.
4.18	To enter into any arrangement with any organisation, government or authority which
1.10	may be advantageous for the purposes of the activities of the Company and to enter
	into any arrangement for co-operation, mutual assistance, or sharing profit with any
	charitable organisation.
4.19	To enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of others.
T.17	Insurance and Protection
4.20	
4.20	To effect insurance of all kinds (which may include indemnity insurance in respect of
4.01	Directors and employees).
4.21	To oppose, or object to, any application or proceedings which may prejudice the
	interests of the Company.
4.00	Ancillary
4.22	To pay the costs of forming the Company and its subsequent development.
4.23	To carry out the Objects as principal, agent, contractor, trustee or in any other capacity.
4.24	To do anything which may be incidental or conducive to the Objects so long as these are
	charitable.
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	CONSTRAINTS ON RETURNS TO MEMBERS
5.1	The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards promoting
5.1	the Objects and do not belong to the members.
5.2	No part of the income or property of the Company shall be paid or transferred (directly
5.2	or indirectly) to the members of the Company, or to any other individual, whether by
	way of dividend, bonus or otherwise, except in relation to Clause 5.4.
5.3	No Director shall be appointed as a paid employee of the Company.
5.4	No benefit (whether in money or in kind) shall be given by the Company to any member
J.4	or Director except the possibility of:
5.4.1	
5.4.1	repayment of out-of-pocket expenses to Directors (subject to prior agreement by the Board of Directors); or
5.4.2	reasonable remuneration to any member or Director in return for specific services
5.4.2	actually rendered to the Company (not being of a management nature normally
	carried out by a director of a company); or
5.4.3	
5.4.5	payment of interest at a rate not exceeding the commercial rate on money lent to the Company by any member or Director; or
E 4 4	payment of rent at a rate not exceeding the open market rent for property let to the
5.4.4	
E 1 E	Company by any member or Director; or
5.4.5	the purchase of property from any member or Director provided that such purchase
	is at or below market value or the sale of property to any member or Directo
	provided that such sale is at or above market value.
	and in any such event the terms of Articles 39 - 41 shall specifically apply.
	LIMIT OF LIABILITY
6.1	The liability of all members of the Company is limited.

6.2	Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required (not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for whatever reason), for payment of its debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up.
	DISSOLUTION
7.1	The winding-up of the Company may take place only on the decision of not less than 75% of its Ordinary Members who are present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose.
7.2	If, on the winding-up of the Company, any property remains, after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, such property (including any land acquired by it in terms of the Land Reform Act) shall be given or transferred to any one or more recognised charities that are "community bodies" in terms of Section 34 of the Land Reform Act:  (a) having the same or a similar object(s) to the Objects;  (b) as determined by not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members of the Company present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose; and  (c) as approved thereafter by the Scottish Ministers.
7.3	If no community body is determined by the Ordinary Members and approved by Scottish Ministers in terms of Clause 7.2, such property referred to in Clause 7.2 shall be given or transferred to the Scottish Ministers or to any one or more charitable community bodies as the Scottish Ministers may direct in terms of Section 34 of the Land Reform Act.
	INTERPRETATION
8	The definitions included in Article 2 are incorporated into this Memorandum.

limited company pursuant to this Memorandum	L•	
Names and Addresses of Subscribers		
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Name:		
Address:		
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2	<del></del> -	
Name:		
,,,		
Address:		
<u>3.</u>		
Name:		
Address:		
Address.		
Dated: 10 - 05 - 05.		
Witness to the above signatures:		
Name:		
ivanie.		
Occupation:		
Address:		
11441000		

### THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 - 1989

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## Friends of Leadburn Community Woodland ARTICLES of ASSOCIATION

The Articles of Association provide the administrative constitution of the Company, establishing its membership, providing for meetings of members, establishing its board of management, providing for meetings of the board and confirming ancillary matters.

	DEFINITIONS and INTRODUCTORY
1	The regulations contained in Table C in the Companies (Tables A to
	F) Regulations 1985, as may be amended or re-enacted, shall not
	apply to the Company.
2	In these Articles of Association, the following definitions apply
	throughout:
	"Act" means the Companies Act 1985 as amended and every statutory
	modification and re-enactment thereof for the time being in
	force.
	"AGM" means an Annual General Meeting.
	"Article(s)" means this or these Articles of Association.
	"Board" means the Board of Directors.
	"Clear days" means a period excluding the day when notice is
	given and the day of the meeting.
	"Community" means the community area described in Clause 3 of the
	Memorandum. "Director(s)" means the director(s) for the time being of the
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	Company. " <b>EGM"</b> means an Extraordinary General Meeting.
	"Memorandum" means the foregoing Memorandum of Association.
	"Organisation" means any unincorporated association, society,
	federation, partnership, corporate body, agency, undertaking,
	local authority, union, co-operative, trust or other
	organisation (not being an individual person).
	"Property" means any property, assets or rights, heritable or
	moveable, wherever situated in the world.
	"Subscribers" means those persons who have subscribed both the
	Memorandum and these Articles.
3	Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural
	number, and vice versa; and words importing the masculine gender
······································	only shall include the feminine gender.
4	The Company is established to achieve the Objects.
	GENERAL STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY
5	The structure of the Company comprises:
5.1	Members - comprising Ordinary Members (who have the right to
	attend the AGM and any EGM and have important powers under these
	Articles and the Act, who elect people to serve as Directors and
	take decisions in relation to any changes to these Articles),
	the Associate Members and the Junior Members; and

5.2	Directors - who hold regular meetings between each AGM, set the
	strategy and policy of the Company, generally control and
	supervise the activities of the Company and, in particular, are
	responsible for monitoring its financial position and, where
	there are no employees or managers appointed, are responsible
	also for the day-to-day management of the Company.
	MEMBERCHITA
6	MEMBERSHIP
٥	The members of the Company shall consist of the Subscribers and such other persons and organisations as are admitted to membership
	in terms of these Articles.
7	Membership of the Company is open to:
7.1	Ordinary Members: those individuals aged 18 and over who:
' -	(a) are ordinarily resident in the Community; and
	(b) are entitled to vote at a local government election in a
	polling district that includes the Community or part of it;
	and
	(c) who support the Objects;
	declaring that, if an Ordinary Member ceases to comply with
	these criteria, he or she will be reclassified as an Associate
	Member and be notified of this by the Company.
7.2	Associate Members: those individuals who are not ordinarily
	resident in the Community and those organisations wherever
	located that support the Objects. Associate Members are neither
	eligible to stand for election to the Board nor to vote at any
7.3	General Meeting.  Junior Members: those individuals who are aged between 12 and 17
1 1.3	who support the Objects. Junior Members are neither eligible to
	stand for election to the Board nor to vote at any General
	Meeting.
8	The following conditions apply to membership:
8.1	There shall be no fewer than 20 members at any time; and
8.2	there will be more Ordinary Members than other members;
	and, in the event that the number of members falls below 20 or the
	Associate Members outnumber the Ordinary Members, the Board may
	not conduct any business other than to ensure the admission of
	sufficient Ordinary Members to achieve the minimum number and/or
<u> </u>	maintain the majority.
9	The Board shall promptly consider applications for membership,
	made in such written form as it shall prescribe from time to time, determining if the terms of Article 7 apply and into which
	category of membership each applicant shall belong, and
]	immediately thereafter shall approve any valid application
]	provided the applicant is not excluded by virtue of Article 8 or
	has previously been a member of the Company and excluded from
	membership by virtue of Article 14.
10	The Board shall maintain a Register of Members, setting out the
	name and postal address of each member, the relative category of
ļ	membership and the date of the member's appointment.
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[ [	MEMBERSHIP SUBSCRIPTIONS
11	The Ordinary Members may at any or each AGM fix the annual
••	subscriptions (and, if relevant, different rates thereof for
	different categories).

12	Members shall be required to pay the appropriate annual membership subscription, where fixed. Only those members who have paid their
	current subscription, where fixed, are entitled to take part in
	and vote at any General Meeting.
13	An individual who, or organisation which, ceases to be a member
	(for whatever reason) shall not be entitled to any refund of
	membership subscription.
	CESSATION OF MEMBERSHIP
14	A member shall cease to be a member if:
14.1	he, she or it sends written notice of resignation to the
	Company; or
14.2	being an individual, he or she becomes insolvent or apparently
	insolvent or makes any arrangement with his or her creditors; or
14.3	being an organisation, it goes into receivership, goes into
1	liquidation, dissolves or otherwise ceases to exist (the right
	of membership not being assignable); or
14.4	the annual subscription due remains outstanding for more than
	six calendar months (and provided that the member in question
	has been given at least one written reminder) and if the Board
	chooses to expel that member from membership; or
14.5	a resolution that a member be expelled is passed by a majority
	of at least 75% of the members present and voting at a General
	Meeting, of which not less than 21 days' previous notice
	specifying the intention to propose such resolution and the
	grounds on which it is proposed shall have been sent to all
	Directors, all members and the Company Secretary and also to the
	member whose removal is in question, such member being entitled
	to be heard at that meeting; or
14.6	being an individual, he or she dies (the right of membership not
	being assignable).
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1 '	GENERAL MEETINGS (Meetings of Members)
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16 16.1 16.2	The Board shall convene an AGM in each year, at such time as it may determine, although the first AGM need not be held in the first year provided that it be held within 18 months after the date of incorporation of the Company. Thereafter, not more than 15 months shall elapse between one AGM and the holding of the next.  The business of each AGM shall include:  the report by the Chairman on the activities of the Company; the election of Directors; fixing of annual subscriptions;
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16 16.1 16.2 16.3	The Board shall convene an AGM in each year, at such time as it may determine, although the first AGM need not be held in the first year provided that it be held within 18 months after the date of incorporation of the Company. Thereafter, not more than 15 months shall elapse between one AGM and the holding of the next.  The business of each AGM shall include:  the report by the Chairman on the activities of the Company; the election of Directors; fixing of annual subscriptions; the report of the independent financial examiner; approval of the accounts of the Company; and
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16 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6	The Board shall convene an AGM in each year, at such time as it may determine, although the first AGM need not be held in the first year provided that it be held within 18 months after the date of incorporation of the Company. Thereafter, not more than 15 months shall elapse between one AGM and the holding of the next.  The business of each AGM shall include:  the report by the Chairman on the activities of the Company; the election of Directors;  fixing of annual subscriptions;  the report of the independent financial examiner; approval of the accounts of the Company; and the appointment of the independent financial examiner.  The provisions with regard to EGMs are as follows:

17.3	the Board must convene an EGM within 28 days of a valid
	requisition. To be valid, such requisition must be signed by not
İ	less than 10% of the Ordinary Members, must clearly state the
	objects of the meeting and must be delivered to the Registered
	Office. The requisition may consist of several documents in like
1	form each signed by one or more requisitionists.
18	Subject to the terms of Articles 67 and 68, the provisions
	regarding notice of a General Meeting are as follows:
18.1	21 clear days' notice at the least shall be given of every
	General Meeting to each member, Director, the Company Secretary
	and the independent financial examiner;
18.2	the notice shall specify the place, the day and the hour of the
	General Meeting, the general nature of any business and the full
	text of any Special Resolutions in terms of Article 24;
18.3	the accidental omission to give notice of a General Meeting to,
	or the non-receipt of such notice by, any members, persons or
	organisations entitled to receive notice thereof shall not
1	invalidate any resolution passed at or proceedings of any
	General Meeting.
1	CHAIRMAN OF GENERAL MEETINGS
19	The Chairman of the Company, whom failing the Vice-Chairman of the
	Company (if any), shall act as chairman of each General Meeting.
	If neither the Chairman nor the Vice-Chairman is present or
[	willing to act as chairman of the meeting within 15 minutes after
	the time at which the General Meeting in question was due to
	commence, the Directors present shall elect from among themselves
	one of the Elected Directors who will act as chairman of that
	meeting.
	QUORUM AT GENERAL MEETINGS
20	The quorum for a General Meeting shall be 10 % of the Ordinary
	Members, present in person. No business shall be dealt with at any
	General Meeting unless a quorum is present.
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21	If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes after the time at
	which the General Meeting was due to commence - or if, during a
	General Meeting, a quorum ceases to be present - the General
	Meeting shall stand adjourned to such time and place as may be
	fixed by the chairman of the meeting.
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	VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS
22	The chairman of the meeting shall endeavour to achieve consensus
	wherever possible but, if necessary, questions arising shall be
	decided by being put to the vote.
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23	The provisions regarding voting are as follows:

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23.1	each Ordinary Member shall have one vote, to be exercised in
	person by a show of hands (unless a secret ballot is demanded by
	the chairman of the meeting, or by at least two Ordinary Members
	present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which may be
	demanded only before any show of hands takes place and shall be
	taken immediately at the same meeting, shall be conducted in
	such a manner as the chairman of the meeting may direct and the
	result of which shall be declared at the same meeting at which
	the ballot was demanded and, in that event, the chairman of the
	meeting shall appoint and instruct tellers, who may cast their
	own personal votes if Ordinary Members);
23.2	Associate and Junior Members shall have no vote;
23.3	voting cannot be by proxy;
23.4	in the event of an equal number of votes for and against any
23.4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	resolution, the chairman of the meeting shall have a casting
	vote as well as any deliberative vote.
24	At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting
1	shall be voted upon by a simple majority of the Ordinary Members
	who are present and voting thereon, except for decisions relating
	to any of the following Special Resolutions, which shall require
	to be decided upon by not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members
	present and voting thereon (no account therefore being taken of
	members who abstain from voting or who are absent from the
<u></u>	meeting), namely:
24.1	to alter the name of the Company; or
24.2	to amend the Objects; or
24.3	to amend these Articles (subject to Article 72.2); or
24.4	to wind up of the Company in terms of Clause 7 of the Memorandum
	of Association; or
24.5	to purchase or sell or to grant a lease over any heritable
	property owned by or leased to the Company or any of its
	subsidiaries and to purchase or take the tenant's part in any
	lease or sub-lease of heritable property wherever situated; or
24.6	to form, acquire or dispose of any subsidiary; or
24.7	to create or issue or allow to come into being any mortgage,
	security, charge or other encumbrance upon any part or parts of
	the property or assets of the Company or to obtain any advance
	or credit in any form other than normal trade credit, or to
<b>1</b>	create or issue by any subsidiary of any debenture or loan
	stock; or
24.8	all other Special Resolutions.
25	A resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of all or a
	sufficient majority of the Ordinary Members (as specified in terms
	of Article 24) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had
}	been passed at a General Meeting of the Company duly convened and
	held. Such resolution may consist of several documents in the same
	form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more Ordinary Members.
26	The chairman of the General Meeting may, with the consent of a
	majority of the Ordinary Members present and voting thereat,
	adjourn the General Meeting to such time and place as he or she
	may determine.
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	APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS
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27	The affairs, property and funds of the Company shall be directed
	and managed by a Board of Directors. The Board may exercise all
	such powers of the Company, and may on behalf of the Company do
1	all acts as may be exercised and done by the Company, other than
	those required to be exercised or done by the Ordinary Members in
	a General Meeting, and subject always to these Articles and to the
	provisions of the Act.
28	The number of Directors shall be not less than five. Unless
	otherwise determined by special resolution at a General Meeting
	(but not retrospectively) the number of Directors shall not be
	more than .
	Interim Board
29	Upon incorporation of the Company, the following applies with
	regard to the Interim Board of Directors:
29.1	The Subscribers (all of whom must be Ordinary Members), and any
	one or more individual persons whom they choose to co-opt as Co-
	opted Directors in terms of Article 34, shall comprise the
	Interim Board.
29.2	The Interim Board shall remain in office until the first General
	Meeting of the Company, to be held as soon as practicable after
	incorporation, at which time each Director on the Interim Board
	shall retire, but may remain eligible for election thereat
	(without the period of office between the date of incorporation
	and the first General Meeting counting as a term of office for
<u> </u>	the purposes of Article 32.4).
30	Employees of the Company may not be nominated as or become
	Directors.
	Composition of the Board of Directors
31	From and after the first General Meeting of the Company, the Board
<u> </u>	shall comprise:
31.1	up to individual persons elected as
	Directors by the Ordinary Members in terms of Article 32 ("the
	Elected Directors"), who must themselves be Ordinary Members;
31.2	and up to 3 individual persons co-opted in terms of Article
31.2	up to 3 individual persons co-opted in terms of Article 34 ("the Co-opted Directors"), so as to ensure a spread of
	skills and experience within the Board.
<del> </del>	Elected Directors
32	At the first General Meeting held in terms of Articles 29.2 and
] ]2	31, the Ordinary Members shall elect up to 7 Elected
	Directors, in respect of which the following shall apply:
32.1	provided that the first General Meeting in terms of Article 29.2
52.+	is held before the first AGM, there shall be no change in or
	election of Directors at the first AGM (except to the extent of
j ,	filling any vacancies in the Board left over after the first
	General Meeting or caused by any retirals since);
32.2	at the second and each subsequent AGM, one-third of the Elected
,	Directors (or the nearest number upwards) shall retire from
	office;.
32.3	a retiring Elected Director shall retain office until the close
	or adjournment of the meeting;
32.4	a retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election after one
	term of office, but no Director can serve more than two
	consecutive terms of office, without at least one year out of
	office before being eligible again;
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37.6	he or she is absent (without permission of the Board) from more than three consecutive meetings of the Board, and the Board resolves to remove him or her from office; or
37.7	a Director.
38	CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN
38	The Board shall meet as soon as practicable immediately after each AGM to appoint a Chairman, and if desired a Vice-Chairman, from the Directors (both of whom must be Ordinary Members).

32.5	if no other Director has or Directors have decided or agreed to
	retire, the Elected Directors to retire at each AGM shall be
	those who have been longest in office since their last election
	but, as between persons who were elected or last re-elected
	Directors on the same day, the one or ones to retire shall
	(unless they otherwise agree amongst themselves) be determined
	by lot;
32.6	nomination of any Elected Director, who shall himself or herself
	be (or be eligible to become) an Ordinary Member, shall be in
	writing by not less than any two Ordinary Members delivered to
	the Registered Office not less than 7 days prior to the date of
	the AGM in question and wherein the nominee shall confirm his or
	her willingness to act as an Elected Director if elected; and
32.7	
32.1	election of any Elected Director shall be by vote of the
	Ordinary Members, each Ordinary Member having one vote for each
ļ	vacancy in the Elected Directors on the Board.
	Co-opted Directors
34	Up to 3 individuals may be co-opted from time to
	time by the Board of Directors itself, as follows:
34.1	subject to Article 34.3, a Co-opted Director shall serve until
	the next AGM after his or her co-option;
34.2	a Co-opted Director can be re-co-opted at such next AGM;
34.3	a Co-opted Director can be removed from office at any time by a
	simple majority of the Board; and
34.4	for the avoidance of doubt, a Co-opted Director may participate
	fully in and vote at all Board meetings which he or she attends.
35	The Board may from time to time fill any casual vacancy arising as
]	a result of the retiral (or deemed retiral for any reason) of any
	Elected Director from or after the date of such retiral or deemed
	retiral until the next AGM.
36	The Board shall ensure that a Register of Directors is maintained,
	which sets out the full details of each Director as required for
	all registration purposes, including the date and type of
	appointment and the date of retiral.
	RETIRAL OF DIRECTORS
37	A Director shall retire or be deemed to retire if:
37.1	being an Elected Director, he or she ceases to be an Ordinary
	Member in terms of either Articles 7.1 or 14;
37.2	he or she becomes prohibited from being a director of a limited
;	company by reason of any order made under the Company Directors
	Disqualification Act 1986 and every statutory modification and
	re-enactment thereof for the time being in force; or
37.4	he or she is employed by or holds any office of profit under the
	Company (except where the provisions of Clause 5.4.2 of the
	Memorandum shall apply); or
37.5	he or she becomes incapable for medical reasons of fulfilling
	the duties of a Director and such incapacity, as certified (if
	necessary) by two medical practitioners, is expected to continue
	for a period of more than six months from the date or later date
	of such certification; or
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37.6	he or she is absent (without permission of the Board) from more than three consecutive meetings of the Board, and the Board resolves to remove him or her from office; or
37.7	<del></del>
	CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN
38	The Board shall meet as soon as practicable immediately after each

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	PERSONAL INTERESTS
39	Any Director and/or employee who has a personal interest in any prospective or actual contract or other arrangement with the Company must declare that interest either generally to the Board or specifically to any relevant meeting of the Company. A personal interest includes not only the interest of the Director or employee in question, but also his or her partner, close relative or business associate, or any firm of which he is a partner or employee, or any limited company of which he is a director, employee or shareholder of more than 5% of the equity.
40	Additionally, the Board may resolve at any time to require all Directors and employees to deliver a Notice of Relevant Interests to the Registered Office, as they arise and at least annually. In that event, the Board shall determine from time to time what interests shall be relevant interests and shall ensure that a Register of Notices of Relevant Interests is maintained, which shall be open for inspection by both the Board and members of the Company and, with the express prior written approval of the Director or employee concerned, by members of the public.
41	Whenever a Director finds that there is a personal interest, as defined in Article 39, he or she has a duty to declare this to the Board meeting in question. It will be up to the chairman of the meeting in question to determine:
41.1	whether the potential or real conflict simply be noted in the Minutes of any relevant meeting, or
41.2	whether the Director in question, whilst being permitted to remain in the meeting in question, must not partake in discussions or decisions relating to such matter, or
41.3	whether the Director in question should be required to be absent during that particular element of the meeting and, in terms of Article 43, where a Director leaves, or is required to leave, the meeting he or she no longer forms part of the quorum thereat.
	QUORUM AT BOARD MEETINGS
42	The quorum for Board meetings shall be not less than 50% of all the Directors, provided that the Elected Directors are always in the majority at any Board meeting. No business shall be dealt with at a Board meeting unless such a quorum is present.
43	A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting (or at least the relevant part thereof) in relation to a resolution on which, whether because of personal interest or otherwise, he or she is not entitled to vote.
	MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
44	Meetings of the Board may take place in person or by telephone conference call, video conference call or by any other collective electronic means approved from time to time by the Board.
45	Not less than 14 clear days' notice in writing shall be given of any meeting of the Board at which a decision in relation to any of the matters referred to in Article 24 is to be made, which notice shall be accompanied by an agenda and any papers relevant to the matter to be decided. All other Board meetings shall require not less than 7 days' prior notice, unless all Directors agree unanimously in writing to dispense with such notice on any specific occasion.
46	A Director may, and on the request of a Director the Company Secretary shall summon a meeting of the Board by notice served upon all Directors, to take place at a reasonably convenient time and date.

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47	The Chairman, whom failing the Vice-Chairman (if any), shall be entitled to preside as chairman of all Board meetings at which he or she shall be present. If at any meeting neither the Chairman nor the Vice-Chairman is present and willing to act as chairman of
	the meeting within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the
	remaining Directors may appoint one of the Directors to be chairman of the Board
	meeting, which failing the meeting shall be adjourned until a time when the Chairman or Vice-Chairman will be available.
48	The chairman of the Board meeting shall endeavour to achieve consensus wherever
40	possible but, if necessary, questions arising shall be decided by being put to the vote, on a
	show of hands only, each Director present having one vote. In the event of an equal
	number of votes for and against any resolution at a Board meeting, the chairman of the
	meeting shall have a casting vote as well as a deliberative vote.
49	The Board may delegate any of its powers to sub-committees, each consisting of not less
	than one Director and such other person or persons as it thinks fit or which it delegates to
	the committee to appoint. Any sub-committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the
	powers so delegated, conform to any remit and regulations imposed on it by the Board.
	The meetings and proceedings of any such sub-committee shall be governed by the
	provisions of these Articles for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Board so
	far as applicable and so far as the same shall not be superseded by any regulations made
	by the Board. Such sub-committee shall regularly and promptly circulate, or ensure the
<u> </u>	regular and prompt circulation of, the minutes of its meetings to all Directors.
50	The Board shall cause minutes to be made of all appointments of officers made by it and of the proceedings of all General Meetings and of all Board meetings and of sub-
	committees, including the names of those present, and all business transacted at such
	meetings and any such minutes of any meeting, if purporting to be signed after approval,
	either by the chairman of such meeting, or by the chairman of the next succeeding
	meeting, shall be sufficient evidence without any further proof of the facts therein stated.
51	No alteration of the Memorandum or Articles and no direction given by Special
	Resolution shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that
	alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given.
52	A resolution in writing (whether one single document signed by all or a sufficient majority
	of the Directors or all or a sufficient majority of the members of any sub-committee),
	whether in one or several documents in the same form each signed by one or more
	Directors or members of any relative sub-committee as appropriate, shall be as valid and
	effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or of such sub-committee
<b>5</b> 2	duly convened and constituted.  The Board may set not with standing any yearney in it, but where the number of Directors
53	The Board may act notwithstanding any vacancy in it, but where the number of Directors falls below the minimum number specified in Article 28 may not conduct any business
	other than to appoint sufficient Directors to match or exceed that minimum.
54	The Board may invite or allow any person to attend and speak, but not to vote, at any
	meeting of the Board or of its sub-committees.
55	The Board may from time to time promulgate, review and amend any Ancillary
	Regulations, Guidelines and/or Policies, subordinate at all times to the Memorandum of
	Association and these Articles, as it deems necessary and appropriate to provide
	additional explanation, guidance and governance to members.
_	COMPANY SECRETARY, MINUTE SECRETARY, TREASURER and PRINCIPAL
	OFFICER
56	The Board shall appoint a Company Secretary for such term and upon such conditions as
	it may think fit. The Company Secretary may be removed by the Board at any time.

57	The Board may appoint a Minute Secretary, for the purposes of Article 50, for such term, at such remuneration (if any), and upon such conditions as it may think fit. The Minute Secretary may be removed by the Board at any time.
58	The Board may appoint a Treasurer for such term and upon such conditions as it may think fit. The Treasurer may be removed by the Board at any time. Whilst in post, the Treasurer may be required to attend (but shall have no vote at) Board meetings during his or her tenure as Treasurer, except any part or parts thereof dealing with his or her employment or remuneration, or any other matter which the Board wish to keep confidential to itself.
59	The Board may appoint a Principal Officer of the Company on such terms (including a decision on the most appropriate job title) and conditions as it may think fit, who shall attend Board and Sub-Committee meetings as appropriate or required, but without any vote thereat.
	HONORARY PATRON(S)
60	The Ordinary Members in General Meeting may, on a proposal from the Board, agree to the appointment of one or more Honorary Patrons of the Company, who would be appointed either for such fixed period as the Ordinary Members determine or for an unspecified period until such appointment be terminated by them. The Honorary Patron or Patrons are entitled to notice of all General Meetings and to attend and contribute to discussion but not vote thereat.
	FINANCES
61	The banking account or accounts of the Company shall be kept in such bank or building society and/or banks or building societies as the Board shall from time to time determine.
62	All cheques and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
63	The Board shall ensure that all funds and assets of the Company are applied towards achieving the Objects.
	ACCOUNTS
64	The Board shall cause accounting records to be kept in accordance with the requirements of the Act and other relevant regulations.
65	The accounting records shall be maintained by the Treasurer (if there is one) and overseen by the Principal Officer (if there is one), or otherwise by, or as determined by, the Board. Such records shall be kept at such place or places as the Board shall think fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.
66	Once at least in every year, or as otherwise provided for by the Act, the accounts of the Company shall be examined and their correctness ascertained by an independent financial examiner, who shall be appointed by the Board on the direction of members in General Meeting.

67	At each AGM, the Board shall provide the members with a copy of the accounts for the period since the last preceding accounting reference date or (in the case of the first account since the incorporation of the Company). The accounts shall be accompanied by proper reports of the Board and the independent financial examiner. Copies of such accounts shall, not less than 21 clear days before the date of the General Meeting at which they fall to be approved, be delivered or sent to all members, Directors, the Company Secretary and the independent financial examiner, or otherwise be available for inspection on the website of the Company (with all members, Directors, the Company Secretary and the independent financial examiner being made aware that they are so available for inspection there).
}	NOTICES
68	A notice may be served by the Company upon any member, either personally or by sending it by post, fax, e-mail or other appropriate electronic means, addressed to such member at his or her or its address as appearing in the Register of Members.
69	Any notice, whether served by post or otherwise, shall be deemed to have been served on the day following that on which the letter containing the same is put into the post or is otherwise despatched.
70	The business of the Company and all its correspondence with and notification to or from members may be conducted equally validly and effectively if transmitted by fax or e-mail or other appropriate electronic means (except where a member specifically requests all such correspondence and notification by post) or otherwise if publicised on the website of the Company where the Company has advised each member of this and has taken due steps to notify by other reasonable means all other members who state that they do not have access to the Internet.
	INDEMNITY
71	Subject to the terms of the Act and without prejudice to any other indemnity, the Directors, or member of any sub-committee, the Company Secretary, Treasurer and all employees of the Company shall be indemnified out of the funds of the Company against any loss or liability (including the costs of defending successfully any court proceedings) which he, she or they may respectively incur or sustain, in connection with or on behalf of the Company and each of them shall be chargeable only for so much money as he or she may actually receive and they shall not be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of each other, but each of them for his or her own acts, receipts, neglects or defaults only.
	ALTERATION TO THE MEMORANDUM and ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
72	Any alteration to the Memorandum and/or these Articles may be made only upon the following conditions:
72.1	upon the decision of not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose in terms of Article 24;
72.2	with the written consent of the Scottish Ministers, through the Scottish Executive Environment and Rural Affairs Department (or its successors), in terms of Section 35(1) of the Land Reform Act including any statutory amendment or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force; and
72.3	with the written consent of IR Charities (and its successors) in confirmation that such changes shall not adversely affect the Company's recognition or registration as a Scottish charity.

	DISSOLUTION
73	Clause 7 of the Memorandum of Association of the Company, relating to the winding up and dissolution of the Company, shall have effect as if its provisions were repeated in these Articles.