## Inglismaldie and Denlethen Public Consultation Meeting

## 15th January 2025

You asked	Our response
There have been concerns over the consultation process, particularly with immediate neighbour to the forest, for the LMP and current ongoing works	LMP's are reviewed every 10 years to obtain permission for the next decade of planned works. As part of the review process FLS routinely engages with a list of statutory stakeholders which includes the local authority and community councils. We also erect signage at entry points to the forests to inform local users that the process is occurring. Unforeseen events such as windblow must have further approval sought if it occurs in areas without felling permission. These additional requests are submitted to Scottish Forestry who carry out their own consultation process via the Public Register. They are required to notify the same statutory stakeholders when this process is underway.
	Works that are currently underway have already gone through this consultation process, either as part of the previous plan review or by an amendment. There is no scope to change these operations through this current plan process. I can only apologise if you were not aware of these consultations when they were happening. I acknowledge the points you have raised and will use the feedback to improve our process in the future.
Will there be areas of mature forest retained as habitat for priority species?	Yes, mature crops will be retained where possible and thinned to improve stand structure and stability. A number of coupes have been identified for continuous cover forestry (CCF) management which aims to encourage understory growth so that canopy cover can be maintained in perpetuity.
Will larch form a component of restocking operations?	Unfortunately due to the devastating effects of <i>Phytophthora ramorum</i> there is currently a moratorium on planting larch on the National Forests and Land. In the north east of Scotland we are away from the front line of the disease spread and may yet prove to be in a climatically unsuitable area for the fungus to successfully reproduce so can accept larch that is regenerating naturally but cannot plant new trees.

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There is significant presence of oak regen	This has been noted. Our FM forester will be
emerging	made aware and can look to incorporate this
	into restocking plans in suitable areas.
Are the well and standing stones included in the	tbc
Witches Hillock scheduled monument area?	NAC and both to a control of the con
The path through to Inglismaldie castle is not	We can look to see if there is resource available to clear the fallen trees from the forest road
identified on the features map and is currently blocked	and access.
There is a wider issue of paths and trails being	Aside from the forest road network there are
lost under windblow and through harvesting	no formal trails within the plan area. Denlethen
operations	has a core path network following the forest
operations .	roads but there are no such designations in the
	Inglismaldie blocks. Users have the right to
	responsible access under SOAC and new routes
	will become established through time and
	persistent use. Early and regular thinning will
	furthermore open up the forest for recreation
	at a younger age.
	We are open to working with local user groups
	to improve access and facilities within the
	forests but unfortunately do not have the
	funding or resources to carry out these works ourselves at this time.
	ourseives at this time.
How would a local community interest	We can provide some guidance on this matter
group/local user group be set up.	as we have experience working with these
	groups. For detail please contact the e-mail
	address provided in the consultation page.
Will the new powerline route be identified in	We are currently working with SSE to determine
the plan? What impact is this likely to have on	the final route of the new line. Current draft
the forest?	proposals show it passing through the north
	west edge of Inverury wood and then cutting
	across the northern tip of Capo. Until plans are
	confirmed we cannot reference them in the
	LMP in case any last minute changes occur.

You asked	Our response
The condition of forest roads has deteriorated following harvesting operations and are in many cases is no longer accessible to mobility vehicles.	The principle purpose of the forest road network is to facilitate access for harvesting operations and to allow timber to be taken away to market. It is not cost effective to maintain our entire road network is prime condition, particularly if there are no intended operations for a protracted period of time. That being said, we take on board your comments regarding the history of these routes and will see what capacity we have to carry out some resurfacing works to improve access.
	FLS is furthermore always open to working together with local community interest groups to explore opportunities to improve access and recreation where external funding can be found.
What are the replanting plans along the Black burn?	Where the Black burn flows adjacent to FLS land we have designated areas of riparian planting to protect the water course and improve the setting for wildlife. The course of the burn moves away from the march boundary around Inglismaldie castle and we have no influence on the planting plans out with our ownership
There have been sightings of grey squirrel in the locality. What measures are FLS taking to protect red squirrel populations in the forest?	tbc
The area identified for felling adjacent to the railway in Denlethen has high biodiversity value. Can you reconsider plans to fell in this area?	We appreciate your comments but unfortunately the felling works in this area have already been approved. We understand that felling will have a negative impact on species and biodiversity in the short term but plans for restocking as a native woodland will see diversity in this area flourish in the future as well as providing resilience for the rail and electricity infrastructure. Once the site has been restocked there will be no future plans to fell again.
Can the presentation slides be made available on the website?	Yes.
There are drainage issues between East Rosehill cottage and the gas main wayleave	Thank you for highlighting this. We can see what improvements can be made to the drainage in this area when we have machinery on site for ground prep prior to planting

You asked	Our response
Are the any plans to clear out drains across the forest area?	Managing the flow of water on a site presents many challenges. Former practice around drainage are no longer considered best practice and we are more mindful nowadays of the impacts of soil degradation and diffuse pollution entering water courses. Where there are issues affecting neighbours, as in the point above, we will look to resolve them but are generally more accepting of wetness on sites and tend to plan our planting around them rather than engineer areas to grow the trees we want.
What species will be used in areas that are marked as 'Native mixed broadleaves'	This will depend on site conditions and the NVC type but will likely consist of a mix of birch, rowan, alder, willow, aspen, cherry and oak. Generally, species known to favour grey squirrel, such as beech and sycamore, will be avoided.