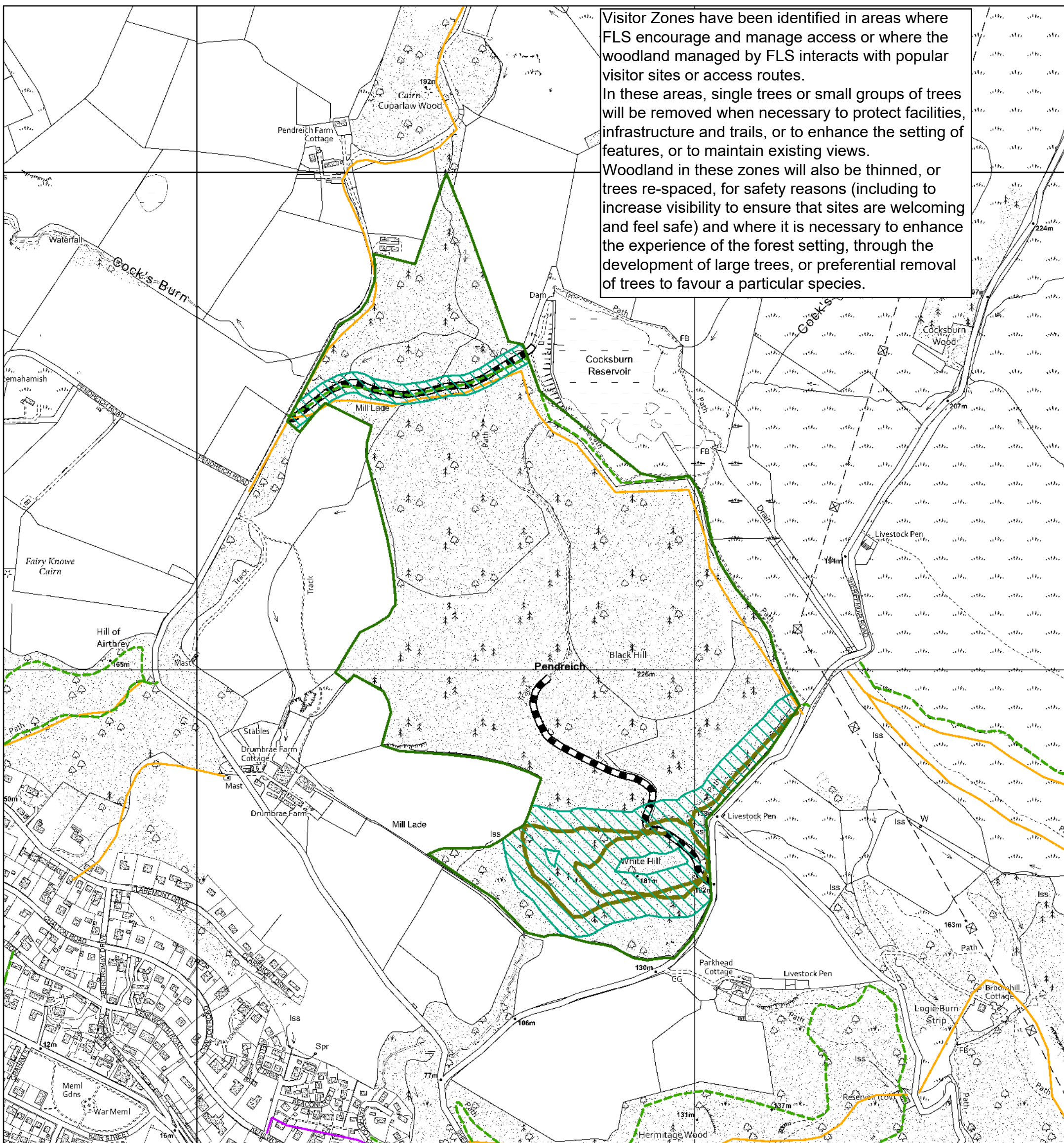




Visitor Zones have been identified in areas where FLS encourage and manage access or where the woodland managed by FLS interacts with popular visitor sites or access routes. In these areas, single trees or small groups of trees will be removed when necessary to protect facilities, infrastructure and trails, or to enhance the setting of features, or to maintain existing views. Woodland in these zones will also be thinned, or trees re-spaced, for safety reasons (including to increase visibility to ensure that sites are welcoming and feel safe) and where it is necessary to enhance the experience of the forest setting, through the development of large trees, or preferential removal of trees to favour a particular species.

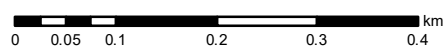


Stirling Forests LMP Woodland Management in Visitor Zones

Scale @ A3: 1:7,500

Date: 04/11/2021

Author: Sandy Davidson



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Legend

- | | | |
|---|--|--------------|
| Blocks | ScotWays Rights of Way - Vindicated | Forest Roads |
| Visitor Zones (Scot.) - Interactive zone - Buffer around trail | ScotWays Rights of Way - Asserted | Forest Roads |
| Visitor Zones (Scot.) - Passive zone - Key views / backdrop from trail | ScotWays Rights of Way - Claimed | |
| Visitor Zones (Scot.) - Welcome zone - Key arrival or destination point | ScotWays Rights of Way - Other Route (Potential RoW) | |
| Core Paths | ScotWays Rights of Way - Lost | |
| | Rec - Linear Assets | |
| | Rec - Linear Assets | |

Scotland's national forests and land are responsibly managed to the UK Woodland Assurance Standard.

